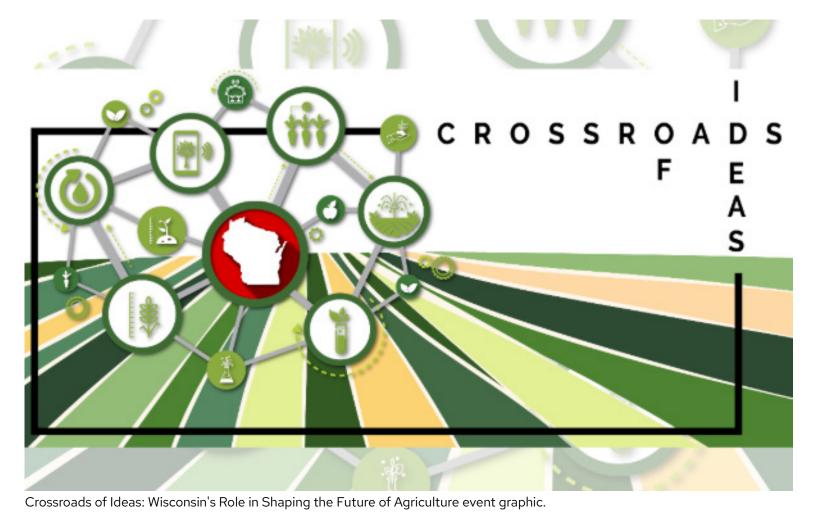
CROSSROADS OF IDEAS: WISCONSIN'S ROLE IN SHAPING THE FUTURE OF AGRICULTURE

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To kickstart the Wisconsin Science Festival's feature of agriculture, the DeLuca Forum at the

Discovery Building in Madison hosted an engaging panel discussion with a line-up of University of Wisconsin-Madison researchers from the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences (CALS). The hour-long event took place Monday, October 14th, from 7-8pm and saw the panelists take a deep look into the innovation and tradition of Wisconsin agriculture, alongside the opportunities and challenges faced at the leading edge of sustainable systems. Dr. Glenda Gillaspy, Dean of UW-Madison CALS, moderated the event and helped highlight the incredible researchers who brought their own unique perspective to the discussion. This event, in addition to being part of the weeklong Wisconsin Science Festival, was also the first of a full year-long line-up of Crossroads events.

Left to Right: Dean Glenda Gillaspy, Dr. Julie Dawson, Dr. Sean Conley, Dr. Rebecca Smith, Dr. Randy Jackson. A Focus on Agriculture

To open the evening, Heather Gayton, Outreach Program Manager for the College of Agricultural

agriculture.

& Life Sciences, welcomed the audience, setting the stage for a thoughtful dialogue on how Wisconsin is driving innovation in agriculture. She noted the integral role agriculture plays in shaping the state's economy and sustainability efforts, explaining how this event would explore the ways in which UW-Madison researchers are responding to critical issues in agriculture-everything from the economic pressures on farmers to environmental challenges like soil health and climate change. An Engaging Lineup of Panelists Dr. Julie Dawson, a professor in the UW-Madison Department of Plant and Agroecosystem

Sciences and Extension Specialist for Regional Food Systems, talked about her work in developing

sustainable crop options for Wisconsin's farmers. As part of UW's Emerging Crops Accelerator program, she collaborates closely with farmers to introduce alternative crops like hazelnuts, food-grade grains, and perennial vegetables. Dr. Dawson is especially committed to small-scale, organic growers, helping to give direct-to-market farms the resources they need. She emphasized the importance of providing farmers with greater crop diversity as a crucial step toward building resilience within Wisconsin's agricultural sector. **Dr. Shawn Conley,** a professor and the State Soybean and Small Grain Specialist at the University of Wisconsin-Madison, leads the UW Soybean Research Program "a.k.a. The UW BeanTeam" which uses data-driven insights to help farmers make informed decisions on crop rotation, cover cropping, and economic sustainability. Over the past decade, his research has gathered data from

crop and soil management strategies. Dr. Conley's enthusiasm for the project highlighted his belief that research is key in helping farmers optimize their practices while keeping environmental impact in check. **Dr. Rebecca Smith**, an assistant professor of Plant and Agroecosystem Sciences at the University of Wisconsin-Madison and a researcher with the Wisconsin Energy Institute and the Great Lakes Bioenergy Research Center (GLBRC), talked about her involvement in the Dairy Innovation Hub project which focuses on boosting sustainability in the dairy industry both environmentally and economically. Her work centers around enhancing plant digestibility for dairy cattle to lower methane emissions. Her research integrates plant science and animal nutrition to foster a rounded sustainable strategy that showcases Wisconsin's dairy farms as pioneers in eco-friendly

over 600,000 acres of Midwest farmland, providing simulations that allow farmers to test various

Dr. Randy Jackson, a professor of Grassland Ecology in the Department of Agronomy at UW-Madison, spoke about his work incorporating native grasslands and prairie systems into Wisconsin's farming landscape. Through the long-running Wisconsin Integrated Cropping Systems Trial, Dr. Jackson studied the environmental benefits of restoring grasslands, such as improved soil health and carbon sequestration. As a project leader of the Grassland 2.0 project, he stressed that restoring grasslands could make Wisconsin's agriculture more resilient and sustainable, providing both environmental and economic benefits.



into real-world solutions for Wisconsin's farmers.

collaboration, as exemplified by UW-Madison's extension programs, which help translate research



and unleash their curiosity. The Wisconsin Science Festival itself is a crossroads of ideas, connecting the public with the research and innovation taking place at institutions like the University of Wisconsin. By fostering dialogue on the future of farming, agroecology, and public policy it showcases how science and community collaboration can work hand in hand to address global challenges and build a brighter

future for Wisconsin and beyond. A video recording of the entire event is available online.